हा 2. HÂ, III. P. ***g*áhâti**, V., C.: leave, - behind, abandon, forsake, desert; emit, discharge; put away, remove; C.: quit (*a place*); let fall, leave lying; take off, lay aside (*garment*, *ornament*); give up, resign, renounce, avoid, refrain from; neglect (*duty* etc.), disregard (*advice* etc.), break (*vow* etc.); lose, be deprived of; get rid of, escape from (*sin, sorrow*); part from *the body* (*s*arîram etc.) *or life* (*g*îvitam etc.) = die: gd. **hitvâ**, disregarding; excepting; ps. **hî́yate**, **hîyáte** (SB.), V.: be left behind, not reach (ab.); fall short, be deficient; be caught up by (in.); be lost; C.: be worsted, suffer injury *or* loss, deteriorate; weigh less (*in the ordeal of the balance*); be diminished, decrease, wane, pass away, come to an end, fail; be given up *or* avoided; be deprived of, lose (in., ab., -°): pr. pt. **hîyamâna**, weaker (opp. *increasing in power*): pp. **hâta**, given up, abandoned (P2., *rare*): **-vat**, pp. act. having lost (*a wife*, ac.; v. r.); **hîná**, RV.: forsaken (*wife*); C.: \*strayed from (ab.); V., C.: inferior, lower (*in rank or culture*); C.: (abandoned =) low, base, bad, poor, little; weaker (*foe*); worsted (*in a lawsuit*); defective, deficient, insufficient, wanting (*also* Br.); lacking, destitute of, free from, without (in., ab., -°); ***g*ahitá**, forsaken, forlorn (V.); cs. **hâpaya**, P. (Â. metr.) neglect; lose (*time*); be wanting in (ac.); give up (*life*); lose; abandon (*a thesis*): **na** **hâpayishyate** **vidhâtum** **uttaram**, there will be no failure to give an answer: pp. **hâpita**, injured (*deposit*); deprived of (in.); des. P. ***g*ihâsati**, wish to abandon *or* quit; - reject with disdain; - escape from (ac.). **apa**, leave, quit (*only* inf., gd.): gd. **apahâya**, avoiding; abandoning (*a form*); freeing oneself from (ab.); disregarding (ac.); excepting, apart from (ac.). **ava**, leave behind (V.); give up, abandon (E.); ps. be forsaken by (ab., RV.). **ni**, ps. be degraded, sink to destruction (RV.): pp. (C.) low (*in rank*), baseborn, vile. **pari**, forsake (*any one*); give up, abandon (*anything*); neglect, omit (*rites*); disregard (*command*); ps. be avoided (*food*); be neglected; fail, lack, be wanting; abate, cease, come to an end; be worsted, come to grief; be overcome by (in.); desist *or* swerve from (ab.); be deprived of, lose (ab.); be unacquainted with (*a previous condition*, ab.): pp. **-hî*n*a** (*often spelt* **-hîna**), omitted; vanished (*lustre*); refraining from (-tas); lacking, destitute of (in., ab., -°); cs. cause to give up; abandon, leave unfinished (*work*); deprive *any one* of (in.); give up, abandon, renounce, violate (*duty*), break (*promise*); ps. be relinquished by (in.); fail, perish: pp. **prahî*n*a**, cast off, worn out (*garment*); failing in (*undertakings*, in.); vanished (*sin*, -°); destitute of (-°). **vi**, V., C.: leave behind, forsake, abandon; C.: quit (*a place*); give up, renounce; get rid of, lose; cast off (*old garments*); desist, from (ab.); gd. disregarding; avoiding; in spite of; excepting; putting aside = more than (*heaps of gems*); ps. suffer abatement (*affection*): pp. low (*caste*); lacking (°-); destitute *or* deprived of, separated *or* free from (in., ab., -°; ord. mg.). **pra-vi**, give up, abandon: gd. disregarding *or* passing over. **sam**, abandon together (S.); give up, renounce (C.).

हा hâ, ij. *of pain, astonishment, or satisfaction*, ah! alas! *used before or after a* vc., sts. *with following* ac. = alas for; *also combined with* kash*t*am, dhik, *and* hanta: **-kash*t*a-*s*abda,** m. exclamation hâ kash*t*am (ah, alas!); **-kâra,** m. exclamation hâ.  
हाटक hâ*t*a-ka, m. N. *of a country*: pl. *its* *people*; n. (derived from Hâ*t*aka), gold: **-maya,** a. golden; **-‿î*s*a, -‿î*s*âna,** m. lord of Hâ*t*aka, *a form of S*iva; **-‿î*s*vara,** m. id.

हाडि hâ*d*i, m. N.: **-grâma,** m. N. *of a* village.  
हातव्य hâ-tavya, fp. to be given up *or* abandoned.  
हान hâ‿ana, n. leaving, abandoning; lack; cessation.  
हानि hâ-ni, f. abandonment, relinquishment; taking off (*of ornaments*, -°); insufficiency, deficit; diminution, by (-°); deprivation of (ab.); loss, of (g., gnly. -°; ord. mg.); ruin; failure (*in a lawsuit*); cessation, disappearance, lack, non-existence (*common* mg.): **-kara,** a. detrimental; causing to disappear (-°); **-k*ri*t,** a. injuring, destroying.  
हापन hâ-p-ana, n. (cs.) diminution.

हामिग्राम hâmi-grâma, m. N. *of a* village.  
हायन hâyaná, m. n. (-° a. **î**) year; m. *kind of* red rice (*rare*); a. relating to the year, lasting a year, yearly (AV.); -° a. lasting - years (V., C.).  
हार hâr-a, a. (**î**) -° [√1. h*ri*] bearing; bringing; taking away; raising (*taxes*); m. 1. string *or* necklace of pearls; 2. (vbl. N2.) seizure *or* forfeiture of (-°); removal (*rare*): **-ka,** -° a. (**i-kâ**) bearing; bringing; carrying away; stealing; removing, taking upon oneself (*impurity*); ravishing; m. thief; pearl necklace; **-muktâ,** f. pl. pearls of a necklace; **-yash*t*i,** f. (-° **ĭ̂**) string of pearls; **-latâ,** f. id.; N.  
हारावली hâra‿âvalî, f. string of pearls (-° **ĭ**).  
हारिकण्ठ hâri-ka*nth*a, a. having a charming (throat =) voice; having *one's* neck encircled with a string of pearls.  
हारिण hâri*n*a, a. derived from the *antelope called* hari*n*a.  
हारित hâr-ita, pp. cs. √1. h*ri*; m. *kind of* pigeon.  
हारिद्र hâridrá, a. coloured with turmeric (haridrâ), yellow.  
हारिद्रव hâridrav-á, m. [haridru] *kind of* yellow bird (RV.).  
हारिन् hâr-in, a. 1. [√1. h*ri*] bearing, bringing; taking away, stealing, robbing; removing, destroying; appropriating; raising (*taxes*); surpassing; captivating, ravishing, charming, attracting (*heart, eye*, etc., -°; by, -°); 2. wearing a pearl necklace (hâra).  
हारीत hârîta, m. *kind of* pigeon; N. *of a lawgiver, physician, grammarian*, etc.: **-ka,** m. *kind of* pigeon.  
हार्द् hârd = h*ri*d *in* dur-hấrd *and* su-hấrd.

हार्द hấrd-a, a. being in the heart (h*ri*d); n. affection, love, for (lc., -°).  
हार्दि hấrd-i, m. [h*ri*d] heart (AV.); contentment (C.); n. (V.) heart; interior (*of the body*).  
हार्य hâr-yã, fp. to be borne *or* carried by (-°); - carried, borne, *or* blown away by (-°); - taken away, appropriated, *or* robbed by (-°); - shaken (*resolution*); - won over by, corruptible; to be acted (*play*).  
हाला hâlâ, f. spirituous liquor.

हालाहल hâlâhala, m. (*rare*), n. *a kind of* deadly poison.  
हालिक hâl-ika, m. [hala] ploughman.  
हाव hâv-a, m. [√hû] call, blandishment (*of amorous women*).

हास् HÂS, I. Â. **hấsa** (V., *very rare*), race, with (in.); cs. **hâsaya**, P. cause to race (RV.).  
हास hâs-a, m. [√has] laughing, laughter, merriment (*often* pl.); derision of (g.; *very rare*); jest, fun (âkhyâna-, = funny story); dazzling whiteness (*of any object, e. g. a pearl necklace, regarded as its laughter because in the latter white teeth are conspicuous*): **-kara,** a. provoking laughter; causing to laugh (-°); **-ana,** cs. a. [√has] causing *any one* to laugh; **-in,** a. laughing, at (-°); (laughing =) dazzlingly white, brilliant, *or* adorned with (-°).  
हास्तिक hâsti-ka, a. consisting of elephants (hastin); n. herd of elephants.  
हास्तिन hấstin-a, a. belonging to the elephant (AV.); having the depth of an elephant (*water*; C.): **-pura,** n. = Hastinâpura.  
हास्य hâs-ya, fp. [√has] (to be) laughed at, by (lc., -°); laughable, ridiculous; n. laughter; jest, joke, fun, amusement: **-kara,** a. provoking laughter, causing *any one* to laugh (-°); **-tâ,** f. ridiculousness: **-*m*** **yâ,** become a laughing-stock, to (-°); **-tva,** n. id.; **-padavî,** f. way to laughter: **-*m*** **yâ,** become a laughing-stock; **-bhâva,** m. ridiculousness: **-*m*** **yâ,** become ridiculous; **-rasa-vat,** a. humourous, comic; **-‿âspada,** n. object of ridicule, laughing-stock.

हाहा hâ-hâ, 1. ij. = hâ *repeated*; 2. m. N. *of a Gandharva*: **-kâra**, m. exclamation hâ hâ (*also used to urge on horses*), cry of woe, lamentation; **-bhûta**, pp. crying alas, woebegone; **-rava**, m. cry of woe, lamentation.

हि HI, V. **hinó**, **hinu**, V.: set in motion, urge on, further; be set in motion *or* urged on, hasten (Â.); incite *or* assist to (d.); convey; V., C.: cast, hurl; P2. (= √2. hâ): forsake, abandon; get rid of: pr. pt. **hinvâná**, speeding etc.; pp. **hitá**, (V.) urged on, speeding; called upon, invoked. **pari**, bring, offer (RV.). **pra**(**-hi*n*oti**), urge on, incite (RV.); V., C.: convey *or* send to, bestow on (d.); despatch (*messengers*), drive away, dismiss, send, - away, to (*any one*, ac. ± prati, d., g., antikam *or* pâr*s*vam w. g.; to *a place*, ac. ± prati; in order to, d., inf.; ord. mg.); C.: cast, hurl, discharge, at (d., lc.); direct (*the gaze*) towards (ac.); forsake (*very rare* = pra-hâ); **-*g*ighya-ti**, **-tu**, (Br.) perh. incorr. *for* **-*g*igâ-ti**, **-tu**: pp. **práhita**, P2.: urged on, incited; C.: hurled, discharged, at (lc.); cast, directed (*eye, gaze, mind*) towards (-°); imbedded (*nails*); conveyed, sent (*things*); sent away, expelled; V., C.: sent out, despatched (*messengers* etc.), to *any one* (pâr*s*ve w. g.): **-vat**, pp. act. = *finite* vb. (he) sent out. **anupra**, pp. sent after. **sam**, compose, contrive (RV.).  
हि hí, pcl. (*never at beg. of a sentence, but gnly. following the first word; also in other positions after the emphatic word; the vb. of the sentence is always accented*), V., C.: for, because (*often after demonstratives, relatives, interrogatives*); just, pray (*with* impv. *or* pot.; sts. ind., e. g. pa*s*yâmo hi, we will just see); verily, surely, indeed; C.: *often mere verse-filler, esp. to avoid the hiatus or to obtain a long vowel, sts. even twice in the same sentence*; **hi** - **tu, hi** - **punar,** it is true - but.